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What is claimed is:

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1	1	A coronary bypass procedure	aamariaina
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- 2 \quad positioning a heat transfer element in a blood vessel of a patient;
- 3 cooling the body of the patient to less than 35°C using said heat transfer element;
- 4 and
- forming a fluid communicating graft between an arterial blood supply and the coronary artery;
- wherein the patient's blood is oxygenated with the patient's lungs and wherein blood is circulated using the patient's heart or using an intracorporeal pump.
- 1 2. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 1, wherein the heat transfer element absorbs 2 at least 150 Watts of heat during cooling.
- 1 3. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 1, further comprising warming the body of
- 2 the patient to about 37 C using said heat transfer element, subsequent to the step of
- 3 forming the fluid communicating graft.
- 4. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 1, wherein the step of forming a fluid
- 2 communicating graft between the arterial blood supply and the coronary artery is
- 3 preformed on a beating hear during bradycardia of the heart.
- 5. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 1, wherein the heart is arrested or nearly
- 2 arrested during at least a portion of the step of forming the fluid communicating graft.
- 6. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 5, wherein the heart is chemically arrested.
- 7. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 5, wherein the heart is electrically arrested.



- 1 8. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 5, wherein the patient's circulation is
- 2 supported with a pump positioned in the patient's vasculature.
- 9. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 8, wherein the pump is at least partially
- 2 positioned in the left ventricle.
- 1 10. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 9, wherein the pump is introduced through
- 2 the femoral artery.
- 1 11. The colonary bypass procedure of claim 1, wherein the heartbeat is intermittently
- 2 arrested and stimulated; and wherein at least a portion of the step of forming the fluid
- 3 communicating graft is carried out during periods of heartbeat arrest.
- 1 12. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 11, wherein the heart is chemically arrested
- 2 and wherein the heartbeat is electrically stimulated.
- 1 13. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 12, wherein the heart is chemically arrested
- 2 using one or more beta-blockers.
- 1 14. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 11, wherein the heart is electrically arrested
- 2 and electrically stimulated.
- 1 15. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 1, wherein the heat transfer element is
- 2 positioned in the venous vasqulature.
- 1 16. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 15, wherein the heat transfer element is
- 2 positioned in the inferior vena cava.
- 1 17. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 16, wherein the heat transfer element is
- 2 introduced into the femoral vein.

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- 1 18. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 17, wherein the heat transfer element is
- 2 about 4 to 5 mm in diameter.
- 1 19. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 1, wherein said heat transfer element is
- 2 attached to a distal end of a flexible catheter, wherein said catheter is used in the step of
- 3 positioning said heat transfer element in said blood vessel, and wherein said catheter is
- 4 used to convey chilled or heated fluid to the interior of said heat transfer element.
- 1 20. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 19, wherein the heat transfer element
- 2 further comprises a plurality of exterior surface irregularities, said surface irregularities
- 3 being shaped and arranged to create mixing in the blood.
- 1 21. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 20, wherein the heat transfer element
- 2 further comprises a plurality of interior surface irregularities within said heat transfer
- 3 element, said interior surface irregularities being shaped and arranged to create mixing in
- 4 fluid within said heat transfer element.
- 1 22. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 21, wherein said interior and exterior
- 2 surface irregularities comprise one or more helical ridges and one or more helical
- 3 grooves.
- 1 23. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 1, wherein the use of a cardiopulmonary
- 2 bypass system and obstruction of the ascending aorta are avoided.
- 24. The coronary bypass procedure of claim 1, wherein the body of the patient is cooled
- 2 to 32±2° C using said heat transfer element.
- 1 25. The coronary bypass-procedure of claim 6, wherein the heart is arrested using a beta-
- 2 blocker.

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1	26.	A hypothe	rmic me	dical pro-	cedure co	omprising:
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- 2 administering a beta-blocking drug to a patient;
- delivering a heat transfer element to a blood vessel of the patient; and
- 4 cooling a region of the patient or the body of the patient to less than 35°C
- 5 using said heat transfer element while said patient is in a conscious or semiconscious
- 6 state.
- 27. The procedure of claim 26, wherein the beta-blocking drug is a β1 blocker.
- 1 28. The procedure of claim 27, wherein the β1 blocker is selected from one or more of
- 2 acebutolol, atenolol, betaxolol, bisoprolol, esmolol and metoprolol.
- 1 29. The procedure of claim 26, where in the beta-blocking drug is a $\beta 1\beta 2$ blocker.
- 1 30. The procedure of claim 29, wherein the βμβ2 blocker is selected from one or more of
- 2 carteolol, nadolol, penbutolol, pindolol, propranjolol, sotalol and timolol.
- 1 31. The procedure of claim 26, wherein the beta-blocking drug is an $\alpha\beta1\beta2$ blocker.
- 1 32. The procedure of claim 29, wherein the $\alpha\beta$ \$\begin{aligned} \beta 2 \text{ blocker is selected from one or more} \end{aligned}
- 2 of carvedilol and labetalol.
- 1 33. The procedure of claim 26, wherein the beta-blocking drug is administered after
- 2 delivering the heat transfer element.
- 1 34. The procedure of claim 26, wherein the body of the patient is cooled.
- 1 35. The procedure of claim 26, wherein an organ of the patient is cooled.